**JOURNAL** 

## OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL

Saturday - 28 June 1975

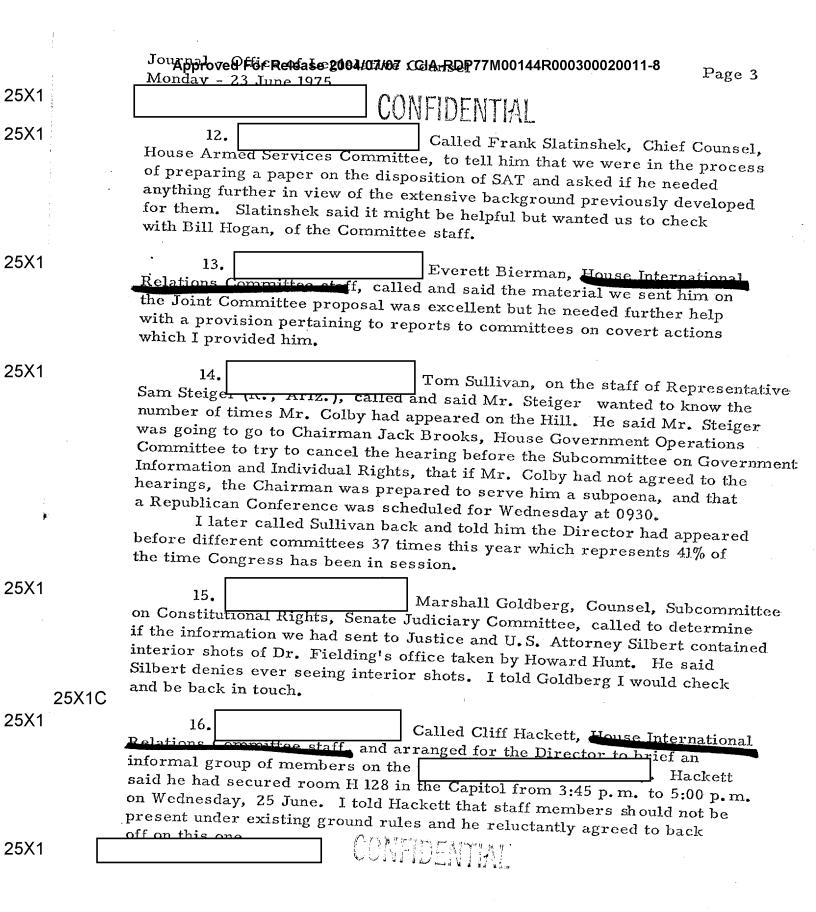
25X1 = 5 25X1	25X1A  1, AF Division, called me at	
25X1A	home to coordinate a cable toconcerning a visit by a congressional delegation including Representative Charles C. Diggs, Jr. (D., Mich.).  He was instructing the field to follow the basic guidelines in and advising that Diggs was not on any oversight committee. I requested	25X1
25X1	that add that Diggs was not a standing member of the newly established Subcommittee on Investigations of the House Committee on International Relations.	
25X1		
		25X1
25>	(1A Acting Legislative Counsel	1
**	CONFIDENTIAL CONFIDENTIAL	
	Ex. Sec. DDI DDA DDS&T	
	Mr. Warner	
	Mr. Parmenter  EA/DDO 25X1A	
	Compt Mr. Thuermer	

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## OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL

	Tuesday - 24 June 1975
STAT	, 33500 2,72
STAT	1. Received a call from Carol Pollack,
	in the district office of Representative George Miller (D., Calif.), who wished to have the address and telephone number of Air America for a constituent whose husband was killed while serving with it. I gave her the information she requested and told her that the Air America people would be happy to help her.
STAT	2. Staff, Hou Committee, and gave to her for Tom Smeeton, who was in a briefing, two charts showing the intelligence communicand the Agency structure.
STAT	Delivered to Senator Charles H. Percy's (R., III.)  "The Soviet Economy: 1974 Results and 1975 Prospects" (A (ER 75-62)).
STAT STATINTL	4. Met with Tim Ingram, Subcommittee on Government Information and Individual Rights, House Government Operation Committee staff, and provided him with a copy of the Director's prepared state ment before the House Select Committee on Intelligence of 15 June 1975, per arrangements made by
STAT	John C. Culver (D., Iowa), called to ask for reports from Somalia and the Soviet Union relating to the establishment of a Soviet naval facility in Somalia for the period 10-25 June. After checking with I called him back saying that the reports would be mailed to him directly.
STAT	Jay Sourwine, Counsel, Senate Judiciary Subcommittee on Internal Security called on behalf of James L. George, a member of Senator Bill Brock's (R., Tenn.) staff. Senator Brock is extremely concerned about the attacks upon CIA and he wants to give a speech on the Senate floor on the nature and extent of KGB operations in the United States. George is compiling material for Brock's speech and contacted Sourwine. Sourwine felt that his material is insufficient and he asked if arrangements could be made for an Agency officer familiar with KGB operations to talk to George and provide him information and possibly material that Brock can use in his speech. I told Sourwithat I would check into this for him. Sourwine asked that we call George directly (224-1481) as to what can be arranged.
STAT	STAT

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STAT	CONFIDENTIAL			
STAT	7. Spoke with Kent Hughes, Congressio Research Service, Library of Congress, and told him in response to earlier request, that I would be sending him a paper on statistics rel to the volume of trade between North Korea and Japan.			
STAT	Mike Cavanagh, Staff Assistant, House Post Office and Civil Service Subcommittee on Postal Facilities, Mail, and Labor Management, called on behalf of Chairman Charles H. Wilson (D., Calif.), expressing concern that the Director was appearing on Wednesday, 25 June 1975, before the House Government Operations Subcommittee on Government Information and Individual Rights, since his Subcommittee had been negotiating for several weeks for the Director to testify on the mail survey program and would have wanted that time for themselves. After explaining the circumstances of Chairwoman Bella S. Abzug's (D., N.Y.) request, Cavanagh felt sure that Chairman Wilson would understand. He asked if either 9 or 10 July would be acceptable. I said I would check it out and call him back.			
STAT	Tom Smeeton, on the staff of the House International Relations Committee, called and asked if our comments on Representative William S. Broomfield's (R., Mich.) draft bill to establish a select committee on intelligence was ready. I later called him back and said the material had been sent via courier earlier this morning.			
STAT	Per a call from Noel Daoust, on the staff of the House International Relations Committee, made arrangements for the OCI courier to deliver to Marian Czarnecki, Chief of Staff on the Committee, the 11 June 1975 transcript of the Director's testimony before the Oversight Subcommittee of the House International Relations Committee. The courier returned the transcript on this date as well. (Before the transcript was delivered, Mr. Cary was advised of the request.)			
STAT	Chuck Snodgrass, House Appropriations Committee staff, called on the status of the appropriations language that we had promised him. I told him it was being prepared and he would have			
STAT	CONFIDENTIAL CONTINUES			



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251	X1C
257	OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL
25X1 25X1 25X1	Sunday - 22 June 1975  1. Called Bud McFarlane, NSC staff, and told him we had been requested by the House International Relations.  Committee to brief a group of Congressmen on the McFarlane said he would check with General Scowcroft
	and later called back and said Scowcroft thought this would be a good idea.
25X1	Called Tim Ingram and James Kronfeld, Subcommittee on Government Information and Individual Rights, House Government Operations Committee staff, to go over some of the material they had requested in connection with the Director's appearance before that Subcommittee on Wednesday.
25X1	
25X1	A Acting Legislative Counsel
	CONFIDENTIAL 25X
	DDI DDA DDS&T Mr. Warner Mr. Parmenter EA/DDO 25X1A

Comptroller

### ADDENDUM TO JOURNAL

## OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL

25X1		Friday - 20 June 1975				
25X1		Called John Hotis, Legislative Liaison, FBI, on their position on providing members of the Senate Select Committee with FBI files or information on the members. The Attorney General wants to make materials available to the fullest extent possible and the Bureau is segregating the material under FOIA standards. They hope to have the material segregated and reach a general decision the middle of next week.				
25X1		Cliff Hackett, House International Relations Committee starr, called on behalf of Representative Lee				
25X <sup>2</sup>	С	Hamilton (D., Ind.) to request a briefing of a group of Congressmen on the Hackett said Representatives Hamilton, John Brademas (D., Ind.), Dante Fascell (D., Fla.), Benjamin Rosenthal (D., N.Y.), Paul Sarbanes (D., Md.) and Charles Whalen (R., Ohio) had been briefed at the White House yesterday. I told Hackett I would check and be back in touch.				
25X1	25X1C	Frank Slatinshek, Chief Counsel, House Armed Bervices Committee, called to ask if it would be possible for our people to check on the applicability of certain criminal statutes to the unauthorized disclosure of Agency information and I told him to check with the Internal Security District.				
	25X1C	I mentioned to Slatinshek the call from Cliff Hackett, House  International Relations Committee staff, for a briefing on the and Slatinshek saw no problems, as an exception to congressional guidelines.				
25X1		In the absence of Tim Ingram, Subcommittee on Government Information and Individual Rights, House Government Operations Committee staff, spoke to Jim Kronfeld and told him the Defense Appropriations Subcommittee briefing had been cancelled and that we could appear before their Subcommittee on Wednesday. I told Kronfeld that I thought we had better come to some terms before Wednesday on an agreed position on the Privacy Act				
25X1		CONFIDENTIAL 25X1				

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3.	Journal - Office of Legislative Counsel	Page 2
	Friday - 20 June 1975	1 2 2
25X1	CONFIDENTIAL	
25X1	Representatives Leo R and Helen Meyner (D., N.J.) visited the Agency for a k with the Director. Messrs. Duckett, DDS&T, Proctor, ADDO, OCI, and Cary were also present.	oreakfast meeting , DDI, Blee,
25X1A	covered a variety of topics with most of the questions be Mr. Ryan who is most concerned with the conduct of co as reported under his amendment of 1974 to the Foreign and Agency involvement in domestic activities. Both R expressed a desire to have frequent contact with the Agencessarily requiring the Director's presence) in the fut to such sessions and contacts will be made with them the	eing asked by evert activities Assistance Act epresentatives ency (not ature. We agreed
25X1	7. Delivered for Ed Brass McFadden, Senate Armed Services Committee; Guy McGCommittee on Appropriations; and Frank Slatinshek, HcCommittee, copies of a letter from the Director to the Gregarding the history of GAO audits of CIA, and two me charges by Sam Adams in the May 1975 issue of Harper delivered the letter to the Comptroller General to Ralph Committee on Appropriations.	Connell, Senate ouse Armed Services Comptroller General moranda on the 's magazine. Also
25X1	8. Delivered to the office K. Javits (R., N. 1., 101 winsion Wheeler biographic is Soviet personalities whom the Senator expects to meet.	information on four
25X1	9. Together with Ev Bierman, Minority Consultant, House International of the proposed bill by Representative William S. Broomfi to establish a joint committee on intelligence. He asked made be submitted in a short paper and sent to him Mon	Relations Committee eld (R., Mich.)
25X1	Jim Kronfeld, Staff Co Government Operations Subcommittee on Government In Individual Rights, called asking if the Director's letter Bella S. Abzug (D., N.Y.) concerning the Subcommittee appearance had been sent. I told him it would be delive	oformation and to Chairwoman e's request for his
25X1	Dick Leonard, Admin to Representative Ken Hechler (D., W. Va.), called and questions concerning the Agency's handling of requests of Information Act. I explained our procedures and gave of the Agency's Freedom of Information Coordinator.	asked certain under the Freedom

CONFIDENTIAL

25X1

COMMENTS

Section 1 (Membership)

Members should be drawn from the committees of the House and Senate which now have oversight responsibilities in matters of intelligence rather than appointed from the general membership by the Speaker and the President of the Senate.

Members should be drawn from Armed Services, Judiciary and Government Operations Committees of both houses and Senate Foreign Relations and House International Affairs Committees. The ranking majority and minority members of each Committee would be designated by each committee to serve on the Joint Committee.

Section 2 (Duties)

A Joint Committee should have all oversight responsibilities except for appropriations. Anything less does not remove the burden of having to respond to other committees. In effect, it worsens the situation since it creates yet another oversight committee to deal with.

Duty (6) is not clear. What does "surveillance of persons" mean?

Many agencies have their own security investigation capability. The

Joint Committee should only concern itself with the intelligence

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community agencies. Duty (6) should read: "(6) all other departments and agencies, or components thereof, of the intelligence community as designated by the Director of Central Intelligence."

Section 2(c) should be revised to conform to the changes suggested above.

Section 4 should add clear requirements within the executive for the storage and control of classified information. Add the following to this section:

The Joint Committee shall store, protect and disseminate classified information in accordance with procedures established in consultation with the Director of Central Intelligence.

Section 7 is now totally unclear by the current situation in the House.

Section 8 is a lift from the Atomic Energy Act and is based on the espionage statutes. It does not meet the requirements for the protection of intelligence sources and methods since these elements seldom exist. The proposal for protecting intelligence sources and methods should be substituted.

Mr. Broomfield

#### ABILL

To establish a Joint Committee on Intelligence Oversight.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled,

#### Establishment

- Section 1. (a) There is established a Joint Committee on Intelligence Oversight to be composed of fourteen members as follows:
  - (1) seven Members of the Hose of Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives of which four shall be of the majority party and three shall be of the minority party; and
  - (2) seven Members of the Senate appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate of which four shall be of the majority party and three shall be of the minority party.

- (b) The joint committee shall select a chairman and a vice chairman from among its members at the beginning of each Congress. The vice chairman shall act in the place and stead of the chairman in the absence of the chairman. The chairmanship and the vice chairmanship shall alternate between the Senate and the House of Representatives with The chairman during each even-numbered each Congress. Congress shall be selected by the Members of the House of Representatives on the joint committee from among their number and the chairman during each odd-numbered Congress shall be selected by the Members of the Senate on the joint committee from their number. The vice chairman during each Congress shall be chosen in the same manner from that House of Congress other than the House of Congress of which the chairman is a Member.
- (c) A majority of the members of the joint committee shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, except that the joint committee may fix a lesser number as a quorum for the purpose of taking testimony. Vacancies in the membership of the joint committee shall not affect the power of the remaining members to execute the functions of the joint committee and shall be filled in the same manner as in the case of the original appointment.

(d) Service of a Senator as a member or as chairman of the joint committee shall not be taken into account for the purposes of paragraph 6 of rule XXV of the Standing Rules of the Senate.

Duties of the Joint Committee

- Sec. 2. (a) It shall be the duty of the joint committee to conduct a continuing study and investigation of the activities and operations of (1) the Central Intelligence Agency, (2) the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice, (3) the United States Secret Service, (4) the Defense Intelligence Agency, Department of Defense, (5) the National Security Agency, and, (6) all other departments and agencies of the Federal Government insofar as the activities and operations of such other departments and agencies pertain to intelligence gathering or surveillance of persons.
- (b) The joint committee is authorized to report to the House of Representatives and the Senate by bill or otherwise no later than June 30, 1977, with respect to the reorganization and improvement of agencies and departments of the United States within the jurisdiction of the joint committee as described in subsection (a).

(c) The Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Director of the Secret Service, the Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency, and the Director of the National Security Agency shall keep the joint committee fully and currently informed with respect to all of the activities of their respective organizations, and the heads of all other departments and agencies of the Federal Government conducting intelligence activities or operations or the surveillance of persons shall keep the joint committee fully and currently informed of all intelligence and surveillance activities and operations carried out by their respective departments and agencies. The joint committee shall have authority to require from any department or agency of the Federal Government periodic written reports regarding activities and operations within the jurisdiction of the joint committee.

#### Powers

Sec. 3. (a) The joint committee, or any subcommittee thereof, is authorized, in its discretion (1) to make expenditures, (2) to employ personnel, (3) to adopt rules respecting its organization and procedures, (4) to hold

hearings, (5) to sit and act at any time or place, (6) to subpena witnesses and documents, (7) with the prior consent of the agency concerned, to use on a reimbursable basis the services of personnel, information, and facilities of any such agency, (8) to procure printing and binding. (9) to procure the temporary services (not in excess of one year) or intermittent services of individual consultants, or organizations thereof, and to provide assistance for the training of its professional staff, in the same manner and under the same conditions as a standing committee of the Senate may procure such services and provide such assistance under subsections (i) and (j), respectively, of section 202 of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946, and (10) to take depositions and other testimony. No rule shall be adopted by the joint committee under clause (3) providing that a finding, statement, recommendation, or report may be made by other than a majority of the members of the joint committee then holding office.

- (b) Subpenas may be issued over the signature of the chairman of the joint committee or by any member designated by him or the joint committee, and may be served by such person as may be designated by such chairman or member. The chairman of the joint committee or any member thereof may administer oaths to witnesses. The provisions of sections 102-104 of the Revised Statutes (2 U.S.C. 192-194) shall apply in the case of any failure of any witness to comply with a subpena or to testify when summoned under authority of this section.
- (c) With the consent of any standing, select, or special committee of the Senate or House, or any subcommittee, the joint committee may utilize the services of any staff member of such House or Senate committee or subcommittee whenever the chairman of the joint committee determines that such services are necessary and appropriate.

### Classification of Information

Sec. 4. The joint committee may classify information originating within the committee in accordance with standards used generally by the executive branch for classifying restricted data or defense information.

### Records of Joint Committee

Sec. 5. The joint committee shall keep a complete record of all joint committee actions, including a record of the votes

on any question on which a record vote is demanded. All records, data, charts, and files of the joint committee shall be the property of the joint committee and shall be kept in the office of the joint committee or such other places as the joint committee may direct.

### Expenses of Joint Committee

Sec. 6. The expenses of the joint committee shall be paid one-half from the contingent fund of the Senate and one-half from the contingent fund of the House of Representatives, upon vouchers signed by the chairman or the vice chairman of the joint committee.

Amendment to H. Res. 138; Transfer of Data

- Sec. 7. (a) Section 9 of H. Res. 138 of the Ninety-fourth Congress is amended to read as follows:
- "Sec. 9. The authority granted herein shall expire on January 4, 1976."
- (b) The Select Committee on Intelligence is authorized and directed to transfer to the joint committee all data, information, transcripts, and other documents in its possession or under its control.

Communication of Classified Information

Sec. 8. Whoever, lawfully or unlawfully, having possession of, or control over, any classified information--

- (1) communicates, transmits, or discloses the same to any individual or person, or attempts or conspires to do any of the foregoing, with intent to injure the United States or with intent to secure an advantage to any foreign nation, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment for life, or by imprisonment for any term of years or a fine of not more than \$20,000 or both; or
- (2) communicates, transmits, or discloses the same to any individual or person, or attempts or conspires to do any of the foregoing, with reason to believe such data will be utilized to injure the United States or to secure an advantage to any foreign nation, shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or imprisonment for not more than ten years, or both.

#### Effective Date

Sec. 9. This Act and the amendment made by it shall take effect on January 3, 1976.

## CONGRESSIONAL OVERSIGHT A JOINT COMMITTEE ON INTELLIGENCE

#### I. Premise

#### A. Objective

- 1. Reverse trend of proliferation of sensitive operational information.
- 2. Assure public of effective oversight.

#### B. Jurisdictional Form

- 1. Parallel Executive Branch structure
- 2. Intelligence community via DCI
- 3. CIA

#### II. Congressional Oversight - DCI/CIA

#### A. General

- 1. Statutory Basis
  - a. National Security Act of 1947
  - b. CIA Act of 1949
  - c. Security for intelligence activities
- 2. Oversight Responsibilities
  - a. General legislation
  - b. Appropriations
  - c. Economy and efficiency

#### 3. Committees

- a. Legislative and General Oversight
  - 1. Armed Services
  - 2. Appropriations
  - 3. Historical Note Government Operations

#### b. Others

- 1. Government Operations Committees, particularly <u>Legislative</u> and <u>National</u> Security Subcommittees.
- 2. Senate Foreign Relations
  - a. Oversight of all activities abroad via Ambassador/State.
  - b. Covert actions reporting.
- 3. International Relations Committee,
  Subcommittee on Oversight.
  - a. Special oversight of intelligence activities relating to foreign policy.
  - b. Covert action reporting.

#### c. Summary.

- 1. Access to sensitive intelligence information expanded dramatically, 93rd to 94th Congresses.
- 2. With Select Committees, 10 committees are laying claim to oversight of all or part of CIA activities.
- 3. Members have access to all committee records under House Rule XI 2(e)(2).

#### B. Chronological Developments

- 1. Benign Period Early 1950's.
- 2. Late 1950's.
  - a. Sen. Mansfield's initiative for Joint Committee
  - b. Sputnik Era interest Soviet threat
- 3. Early 1960's.
  - a. Increased substantive intelligence interest.
    - 1. "Missile Gap"
    - 2. Cuban Missile Crisis
  - b. Continued Pressure to Increase Oversight
    - 1. U-2 flight of Gary Powers
    - 2. Bay of Pigs
    - 3. Sen. Russell consolidates CIA Armed Services and Appropriations hearings.

- 4. Late 1960's.
  - a. Joint Committee bill defeated.
  - b. Funding of National Student Association exposure.
  - c. ABM debate.
  - d. Bill to circumscribe executive action through CIA.
- 5. 1970's.
  - a. Oversight committees fading in strength.
  - b. House oversight reinvigorated by appointment of Lucien Nedzi as Chairman of Intelligence Subcommittee.
  - c. Oversight committees keeping more detailed records.
  - d. Increased use of substantive intelligence product within Congress.
- C. Current Congressional Procedures.
  - 1. Operational/Agency Matters.
    - a. Limit to Armed Services and Appropriations subcommittees.
    - b. Covert action (P. L. 93-559) report to foreign relations committees.
  - 2. Substantive Intelligence.
    - a. Any committee within their jurisdiction.
    - b. Sanitize transcripts.
  - 3. Legislation.
    - a. Armed Services for amendments to 1947 and 1949 Acts.
    - b. General Legislation impinging upon DCI/CIA authorities/responsibilities requires cooperation of other committees.

- D. Options for Increased Security.
  (Sine qua non protect supporting sources and methods)
  - 1. Committees not maintain records of sensitive information:
    - a. Criticism of committees.
    - b. Help committees distance selves from responsibilities.
  - 2. Change House Rules to Limit Access to Sensitive Operational Information.
  - 3. Continue present course and assume sensitive material will be handled with wisdom and restraint.
  - 4. Joint Committee on Intelligence.
    - a. Rules to deny access to sensitive information beyond committee membership.
    - b. Incorporate into Joint Committee resolution Intelligence Sources and Methods legislation.
- III. Pros and Cons of a Joint Committee on Intelligence.

#### A. Pros.

- 1. Reverse trend towards proliferation.
- 2. Consolidate into one committee all oversight except for Appropriations
  - a. Improve the exercise of legislative leadership
  - b. Improve credibility of oversight
  - c. Source of credible spokesmen to defend Agency.
  - d. Opportunity for frequent, in depth briefing.
  - e. Elimination of redundant briefing
  - f. Full-time professional staff to assist both committees and intelligence community.
- 3. Opportunity to limit access to sensitive intelligence information to membership of committee by rule change.
- 4. Opportunity to enact as part of the resolution more effective deterrents against the disclosure of sensitive intelligence sources and methods information.

- 5. Provide a strong base within Congress to withstand accommodations on sensitive matters
- 6. Satisfy a number of present critics who believe oversight is ineffectual and silence their criticism at least on this issue.
- 7. Those who have been in the forefront of defending the Agency are nearing the end of their service and replacements in the present structure of oversight are unlikely to wield equivalent power.

#### B. Cons.

- 1. May not necessarily resolve jurisdictional battles, special overview authority.
- 2. Present committee leadership could react negatively to the proposal.
- 3. Improved chances for encroachment upon executive responsibilities, intrusion into policy areas and doctrine of spearation of powers.
- 4. Create Board of Directors which may curtail executive initiatives and creativeness.
- 5. Full-time professional staff with possible attendant problems of interference with management.
- 6. Some sentiment within Congress against joint Committees in principle as violating the bicameral legislature under the Constitution.

Mr. Broomfield

#### A BILL

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- (b) The joint committee shall select a chairman and a vice chairman from among its members at the beginning of each Congress. The vice chairman shall act in the place and stead of the chairman in the absence of the chairman. The chairmanship and the vice chairmanship shall alternate between the Senate and the House of Representatives with each Congress. The chairman during each even-numbered Congress shall be selected by the Members of the House of Representatives on the joint committee from among their number and the chairman during each odd-numbered Congress shall be selected by the Members of the Senate on the joint committee from their number. The vice chairman during each Congress shall be chosen in the same manner from that House of Congress other than the House of Congress of which the chairman is a Member.
- (c) A majority of the members of the joint committee shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, except that the joint committee may fix a lesser number as a quorum for the purpose of taking testimony. Vacancies in the membership of the joint committee shall not affect the power of the remaining members to execute the functions of the joint committee and shall be filled in the same manner as in the case of the original appointment.

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hearings, (5) to sit and act at any time or place, (6) to subpena witnesses and documents, (7) with the prior consent of the agency concerned, to use on a reimbursable basis the services of personnel, information, and facilities of any such agency, (8) to procure printing and binding, (9) to procure the temporary services (not in excess of one year) or intermittent services of individual consultants, or organizations thereof, and to provide assistance for the training of its professional staff, in the same manner and under the same conditions as a standing committee of the Senate may procure such services and provide such assistance under subsections (i) and (j), respectively, of section 202 of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946, and (10) to take depositions and other testimony. No rule shall be adopted by the joint committee under clause (3) providing that a finding, statement, recommendation, or report may be made by other than a majority of the members of the joint committee then holding office.

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- (c) With the consent of any standing, select, or special committee of the Senate or House, or any subcommittee, the joint committee may utilize the services of any staff member of such House or Senate committee or subcommittee whenever the chairman of the joint committee determines that such services are necessary and appropriate.

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Sec. 4. The joint committee may classify information originating within the committee in accordance with standards used generally by the executive branch for classifying restricted data or defense information.

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on any question on which a record vote is demanded. All records, data, charts, and files of the joint committee shall be the property of the joint committee and shall be kept in the office of the joint committee or such other places as the joint committee may direct.

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Amendment to H. Res. 138; Transfer of Data

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- "Sec. 9. The authority granted herein shall expire on January 4, 1976."
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- (2) communicates, transmits, or discloses the same to any individual or person, or attempts or conspires to do any of the foregoing, with reason to believe such data will be utilized to injure the United States or to secure an advantage to any foreign nation, shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or imprisonment for not more than ten years, or both.

#### Effective Date

Sec. 9. This Act and the amendment made by it shall take effect on January 3, 1976.